



VENUS CLOUD MOTIONS

1  
00:00:16,730 --> 00:00:13,340  
this much we can say at this moment the

2  
00:00:18,769 --> 00:00:16,740  
planet Venus is a very hot planet the

3  
00:00:24,960 --> 00:00:18,779  
atmosphere is dense as primary

4  
00:00:29,850 --> 00:00:26,640  
there are many mysteries yet remaining

5  
00:00:32,310 --> 00:00:29,860  
about the planet Venus these mysteries

6  
00:00:34,560 --> 00:00:32,320  
will be solved by further analysis by

7  
00:00:47,300 --> 00:00:34,570  
present data and hopefully by more

8  
00:00:53,180 --> 00:00:49,910  
NASA the National Aeronautics and Space

9  
00:01:01,580 --> 00:00:53,190  
Administration presents Aeronautics and

10  
00:01:04,010 --> 00:01:01,590  
Space report next month NASA plans to

11  
00:01:05,960 --> 00:01:04,020  
launch an unmanned Mariner spacecraft to

12  
00:01:07,910 --> 00:01:05,970  
the planet Venus we know very little

13  
00:01:11,300 --> 00:01:07,920

about Venus because we cannot see

14

00:01:13,250 --> 00:01:11,310

through its thick clouds the 540 pound

15

00:01:15,380 --> 00:01:13,260

Mariner will attempt to shed light on

16

00:01:17,300 --> 00:01:15,390

the origin and nature of the planet and

17

00:01:30,200 --> 00:01:17,310

its environment giving us additional

18

00:01:31,880 --> 00:01:30,210

knowledge about our solar system ever

19

00:01:33,950 --> 00:01:31,890

since the first people were gazing up at

20

00:01:39,499 --> 00:01:33,960

the skies they had to have noticed Venus

21

00:01:41,210 --> 00:01:39,509

it's so incredibly bright in ancient

22

00:01:43,070 --> 00:01:41,220

records at the Mayans the Greeks the

23

00:01:45,440 --> 00:01:43,080

Chinese people all over the world were

24

00:01:47,359 --> 00:01:45,450

seeing Venus up there mania and writing

25

00:01:49,520 --> 00:01:47,369

all sorts of stories about it but we

26  
00:01:51,889 --> 00:01:49,530  
could say that first modern observations

27  
00:01:57,340 --> 00:01:51,899  
of Venus began with the use of the

28  
00:02:04,280 --> 00:02:01,310  
Galileo in the early 1600s turned his

29  
00:02:06,889 --> 00:02:04,290  
telescope on to Venus and he looked at

30  
00:02:09,350 --> 00:02:06,899  
the phases of Venus and that really

31  
00:02:12,320 --> 00:02:09,360  
refuted the geocentric model that was in

32  
00:02:14,839 --> 00:02:12,330  
play and commonly accepted Galileo's

33  
00:02:16,790 --> 00:02:14,849  
observations were one of the first clear

34  
00:02:25,400 --> 00:02:16,800  
examples of how observing another world

35  
00:02:26,660 --> 00:02:25,410  
could tell you about your own for the

36  
00:02:28,789 --> 00:02:26,670  
next 300 years

37  
00:02:31,820 --> 00:02:28,799  
Venus continued to be an obvious target

38  
00:02:33,620 --> 00:02:31,830

for telescopes these early observations

39

00:02:36,680 --> 00:02:33,630

eventually revealed that Venus had a

40

00:02:38,750 --> 00:02:36,690

thick dense atmosphere this discovery

41

00:02:41,150 --> 00:02:38,760

would define our image of the planet

42

00:02:43,640 --> 00:02:41,160

rather than seeing it as a meandering

43

00:02:50,890 --> 00:02:43,650

bright star Venus was now our mysterious

44

00:02:56,270 --> 00:02:54,290

early in the 20th century or making huge

45

00:02:59,960 --> 00:02:56,280

advances in science and all kinds of

46

00:03:02,509 --> 00:02:59,970

different fields with advances we start

47

00:03:04,759 --> 00:03:02,519

getting observations of Venus using

48

00:03:07,820 --> 00:03:04,769

spectroscopy and using ultraviolet

49

00:03:10,570 --> 00:03:07,830

wavelengths the astronomers of the time

50

00:03:12,860 --> 00:03:10,580

will make it fairly reasonable

51  
00:03:15,350 --> 00:03:12,870  
assumptions that the atmosphere on Venus

52  
00:03:17,240 --> 00:03:15,360  
is very similar to the moment earth and

53  
00:03:20,800 --> 00:03:17,250  
that the clouds that they were observing

54  
00:03:22,880 --> 00:03:20,810  
was made up of water vapour and

55  
00:03:25,009 --> 00:03:22,890  
subsequently they concluded that the

56  
00:03:28,910 --> 00:03:25,019  
Phoenician atmosphere was really wet and

57  
00:03:31,670 --> 00:03:28,920  
stormy and the service was swarming and

58  
00:03:33,800 --> 00:03:31,680  
a lot of astronomers at the time even

59  
00:03:36,710 --> 00:03:33,810  
concluded that that was really good

60  
00:03:39,020 --> 00:03:36,720  
conditions for life there's never been

61  
00:03:40,119 --> 00:03:39,030  
anything like this before in fact or

62  
00:03:52,090 --> 00:03:40,129  
picture

63  
00:03:57,440 --> 00:03:54,650

NASA's Mariner spacecraft after

64

00:03:59,900 --> 00:03:57,450

traveling for months and 217 million

65

00:04:06,680 --> 00:03:59,910

miles began fulfilling its mission as it

66

00:04:09,110 --> 00:04:06,690

rendezvous with the planet Venus by 1967

67

00:04:12,800 --> 00:04:09,120

we actually had two successful missions

68

00:04:15,290 --> 00:04:12,810

make it to Venus the first one was the

69

00:04:17,900 --> 00:04:15,300

Soviet Venera four and nearly a month

70

00:04:21,320 --> 00:04:17,910

late it was followed up by the NASA's

71

00:04:23,330 --> 00:04:21,330

Mariner 5 the interesting thing about

72

00:04:27,770 --> 00:04:23,340

that that we were in the middle of the

73

00:04:29,810 --> 00:04:27,780

Cold War and despite that the Soviet and

74

00:04:32,650 --> 00:04:29,820

American scientists were working

75

00:04:35,270 --> 00:04:32,660

together cooperated shared the data and

76  
00:04:38,840 --> 00:04:35,280  
the picture that the scientists god of

77  
00:04:43,250 --> 00:04:38,850  
dienes was much more inhospitable than

78  
00:04:45,470 --> 00:04:43,260  
they really imagined by 1967 if there

79  
00:04:48,200 --> 00:04:45,480  
were any doubts about whether Venus was

80  
00:04:54,409 --> 00:04:48,210  
livable or not those doubts were washed

81  
00:04:59,550 --> 00:04:57,390  
now in an unexplored region of space

82  
00:05:01,619 --> 00:04:59,560  
Mariner was placed on its mercury

83  
00:05:04,320 --> 00:05:01,629  
intercept course by the gravity of Venus

84  
00:05:09,240 --> 00:05:04,330  
the initial target on this first dual

85  
00:05:11,520 --> 00:05:09,250  
planet mission Mariner 10 took more than

86  
00:05:19,189 --> 00:05:11,530  
3,500 pictures during its rendezvous

87  
00:05:23,929 --> 00:05:21,200  
for the first time after a decade of

88  
00:05:26,360 --> 00:05:23,939

exploration Mariner 10 was carrying

89

00:05:27,739 --> 00:05:26,370

cameras we had ultraviolet cameras we

90

00:05:29,510 --> 00:05:27,749

could actually make some of the most

91

00:05:32,149 --> 00:05:29,520

beautiful images I mean here we have

92

00:05:34,070 --> 00:05:32,159

Venus the goddess of love and beauty and

93

00:06:02,260 --> 00:05:34,080

we had yet to really make a close-up

94

00:06:07,909 --> 00:06:05,779

pioneer Venus was the last NASA mission

95

00:06:10,309 --> 00:06:07,919

to go to Venus to study specifically its

96

00:06:13,219 --> 00:06:10,319

atmosphere in detail in the dynamics of

97

00:06:18,080 --> 00:06:13,229

that atmosphere that was 30 years ago

98

00:06:21,610 --> 00:06:18,090

that we send it there it took a lot of

99

00:06:24,260 --> 00:06:21,620

detailed data that allowed us to test

100

00:06:27,170 --> 00:06:24,270

the theories that we had about why Venus

101  
00:06:28,520 --> 00:06:27,180  
was such a strange environment and one

102  
00:06:30,409 --> 00:06:28,530  
of the most interesting of course is

103  
00:06:33,010 --> 00:06:30,419  
this idea of the runaway greenhouse

104  
00:06:44,839 --> 00:06:33,020  
effect as an explanation for why is

105  
00:06:48,230 --> 00:06:44,849  
Venus so super hot so while the Pioneer

106  
00:06:50,869 --> 00:06:48,240  
Venus orbiter was sending a steady

107  
00:06:53,149 --> 00:06:50,879  
stream of data back to earth the Soviet

108  
00:06:55,580 --> 00:06:53,159  
program undertook several more eight

109  
00:06:57,499 --> 00:06:55,590  
missions back to Venice and the

110  
00:07:00,740 --> 00:06:57,509  
highlight of this set of missions was

111  
00:07:02,839 --> 00:07:00,750  
Venera 13 and 14 which made it to the

112  
00:07:05,899 --> 00:07:02,849  
surface of Venice and while they will

113  
00:07:08,089 --> 00:07:05,909

act today for 45 minutes they took a

114

00:07:12,019 --> 00:07:08,099

handful of color panoramas for the

115

00:07:15,860 --> 00:07:12,029

Venetian surface now that they have been

116

00:07:18,950 --> 00:07:15,870

reprocessed they present a stunning view

117

00:07:22,310 --> 00:07:18,960

of the Venus surface

118

00:07:23,810 --> 00:07:22,320

and forgetting the heat toxic atmosphere

119

00:07:32,040 --> 00:07:23,820

and the pressure

120

00:07:37,360 --> 00:07:35,020

Venis the brightest star in the evening

121

00:07:42,790 --> 00:07:37,370

sky has captured our imaginations for

122

00:07:45,040 --> 00:07:42,800

centuries since August of 1990 though a

123

00:07:47,560 --> 00:07:45,050

spacecraft named Magellan has peered

124

00:07:49,510 --> 00:07:47,570

beneath this veil of mystery to show us

125

00:07:59,050 --> 00:07:49,520

the surface of Venus in unsurpassed

126  
00:08:01,750 --> 00:07:59,060  
detail Magellan was a pretty simple and

127  
00:08:05,140 --> 00:08:01,760  
elegant mission and had one basic

128  
00:08:07,480 --> 00:08:05,150  
purpose and that was to get a detailed

129  
00:08:10,690 --> 00:08:07,490  
high-resolution map of the surface

130  
00:08:13,030 --> 00:08:10,700  
topography of the entire planet and what

131  
00:08:16,420 --> 00:08:13,040  
we saw was an enormous surprise a

132  
00:08:19,180 --> 00:08:16,430  
very young surface lots of volcanic

133  
00:08:22,300 --> 00:08:19,190  
features there were lava planes and

134  
00:08:24,310 --> 00:08:22,310  
volcanoes and all kinds of features it

135  
00:08:26,770 --> 00:08:24,320  
was an unexpected and marvelous

136  
00:08:34,279 --> 00:08:26,780  
revelation of what was underneath those

137  
00:08:40,380 --> 00:08:38,190  
at this point the american-soviet space

138  
00:08:43,110 --> 00:08:40,390

missions are really museum pieces and

139

00:08:45,510 --> 00:08:43,120

while everybody is now excited about the

140

00:08:48,270 --> 00:08:45,520

new data and the new pictures images

141

00:08:51,050 --> 00:08:48,280

that we are getting from Mars Venice is

142

00:08:55,680 --> 00:08:51,060

really staying in the shadow right now

143

00:08:58,560 --> 00:08:55,690

but throughout the history Venus has

144

00:09:01,800 --> 00:08:58,570

provided us a lot of wonderful and

145

00:09:04,110 --> 00:09:01,810

interesting theories and answers to the

146

00:09:07,110 --> 00:09:04,120

questions that we have here on earth and

147

00:09:11,820 --> 00:09:07,120

which shone the light on now space in

148

00:09:13,590 --> 00:09:11,830

the universe but new players are coming

149

00:09:16,260 --> 00:09:13,600

into the game and with the European

150

00:09:19,830 --> 00:09:16,270

Space Agency sending a spacecraft there

151

00:09:24,330 --> 00:09:19,840

in 2006 and the Japanese space agency

152

00:09:27,060 --> 00:09:24,340

planning one in 2010 the Venice

153

00:09:29,640 --> 00:09:27,070

exploration is going to pick up and it

154

00:09:31,860 --> 00:09:29,650

really seems that a very good

155

00:09:33,810 --> 00:09:31,870

opportunity to go back because there are

156

00:09:38,070 --> 00:09:33,820

lots of things that we still don't know

157

00:09:41,790 --> 00:09:38,080

and with nearly two decades passed from